



802.11ac Wireless Access Point Model WAC104

User Manual

January 2018
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350 E. Plumeria Drive
San Jose, CA 95134
USA

Support

Thank you for purchasing this NETGEAR product. You can visit www.netgear.com/support to register your product, get help, access the latest downloads and user manuals, and join our community. We recommend that you use only official NETGEAR support resources.

Conformity

For the current EU Declaration of Conformity, visit http://kb.netgear.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/11621.

Compliance

For regulatory compliance information, visit <http://www.netgear.com/about/regulatory>.

See the regulatory compliance document before connecting the power supply.

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Revision History

Publication Part Number	Publish Date	Comments
202-11698-04	January 2018	Updated the operating frequency ranges for 5 GHz band in Table 3, WAC104 access point specifications.
202-11698-03	July 2017	<p>The DHCP client of the WAC104 access point is now enabled by default.</p> <p>The default WiFi security is now WPA and WPA2 mixed mode and the default WiFi passphrase is on the access point label.</p> <p>The access point now supports the www.aplogin.net URL for WiFi access during initial configuration.</p> <p>To document this new behavior, we made changes to the following sections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Access Point Label on page 8 • Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server on page 11 • Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration on page 12 • Log In to the Access Point After Setup to View or Change Settings on page 14 • Connect a Wired or WiFi Device to the Access Point's Network After Installation on page 18 • View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings on page 21 • Change the IP Address Settings of the Access Point on page 40 • Very minor changes to multiple other sections.
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Hardware Overview of the Access Point 1

The NETGEAR 802.11ac Wireless Access Point Model WAC104, in this manual referred to as the access point, supports dual-band concurrent operation at 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz with combined throughput of 1.2 Gbps (300 Mbps at 2.4 GHz and 867 Mbps at 5 GHz). The access point can be used in a standalone configuration connected to a router in a small network or integrated in a larger network.

The chapter contains the following sections:

- *Unpack the Access Point* on page 6
- *Top Panel With LEDs* on page 6
- *Back Panel* on page 7
- *Position the Antennas* on page 8
- *Access Point Label* on page 8

IMPORTANT:

The access point provides WiFi and LAN connectivity but is a bridge and not a router. Therefore, do not connect the access point directly to your DSL or cable modem. You must connect the access point to a router or, if your network includes a DHCP server, to a switch or hub that is connected to the DHCP server. (For more information, see *Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server* on page 11.)

Note For more information about the topics that are covered in this manual, visit the support website at netgear.com/support.

Note Firmware updates with new features and bug fixes are made available from time to time at downloadcenter.netgear.com. You can check for and download new firmware manually. If the features or behavior of your product does not match what is described in this guide, you might need to update your firmware.

Unpack the Access Point

The package contains the access point, Ethernet cable, power adapter (localized to the country of sale), and installation guide.





Figure 1. WAC104 package contents

Top Panel With LEDs



The status LEDs are located on the top panel of the access point.

Table 1. LED descriptions

LED	Description
Power 	<p>Solid green. The access point is ready.</p> <p>Solid green temporarily, blinking green temporarily, and finally solid green. The access point is starting or was reset to factory default settings and is restarting. For more information about resetting the access point to factory default settings, see Return the Access Point to Its Factory Default Settings on page 38.</p> <p>Blinking green. The access point is starting or upgrading firmware. If the Power LED is blinking green at any other time, see Power LED Remains Blinking Green on page 64.</p> <p>Off. Power is not supplied to the access point.</p>
WPS 	<p>Solid green. (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) is ready for use. By default, the WPS LED is off.</p> <p>Blinking green for two minutes. Someone pressed the WPS button on the access point to join the WiFi network. For more information, see Wi-Fi Protected Setup Method on page 19.</p>

Hardware Overview of the Access Point

Table 1. LED descriptions (Continued)

LED	Description
WiFi 	<p>Solid green. One or both WiFi radios are operating.</p> <p>Blinking green. One or both WiFi radios are sending or receiving traffic.</p> <p>Off. Both WiFi radios are off. For more information, see Control the WiFi Radios on page 31.</p>
LAN 	<p>Ethernet LAN ports 1–4:</p> <p>Solid green. A powered-on Ethernet device is connected to the LAN port.</p> <p>Blinking green. The LAN port is sending or receiving traffic.</p> <p>Off. No powered-on Ethernet device is connected to the LAN port.</p>

Back Panel

The back panel of the access point provides ports, buttons, and a DC power connector.

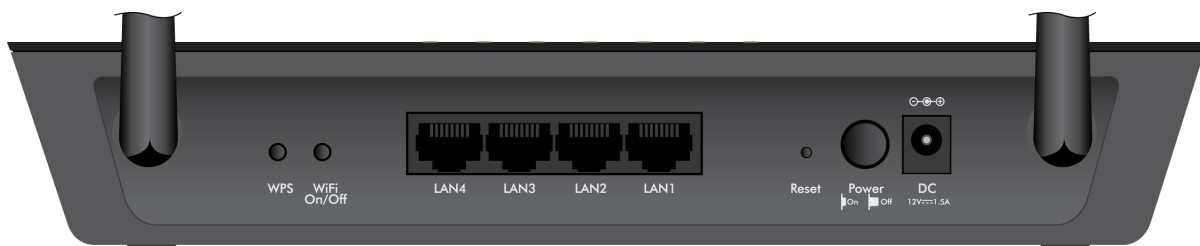


Figure 2. Access point back panel

Viewed from left to right, the back panel contains the following components:

- **WPS button.** Press the **WPS** button to join the access point's WiFi network without typing the WiFi password. For more information, see [Wi-Fi Protected Setup Method](#) on page 19.
- **WiFi On/Off button.** Press the **WiFi On/Off** button for two seconds to turn the WiFi radios on or off.
- **LAN ports 1–4.** Four Gigabit Ethernet RJ-45 LAN ports to connect the access point to Ethernet devices. You can use one of the LAN ports to connect the access point to a router, network switch, or network hub (see [Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server](#) on page 11). You can use the other LAN ports to connect the access point to Ethernet devices such as computers.
- **Reset button.** Press the **Reset** button to reset the access point to factory default settings. For more information, see [Use the Reset Button](#) on page 38.
- **Power On/Off button.** Press the **Power On/Off** button to provide power to the access point.
- **DC power connector.** Connect the power adapter that came in the product package to the DC power connector.

Position the Antennas

Although you can swivel the antennas in any direction, for best performance, we recommend that you position the access point's antennas perpendicular to each other, that is, at a 90-degree angle.



Figure 3. Examples of recommended antenna positions

Access Point Label

The access point label on the bottom panel of the access point shows the default login information, default WiFi network names (SSIDs), default WiFi passphrase, serial number and MAC address of the access point, and other information.

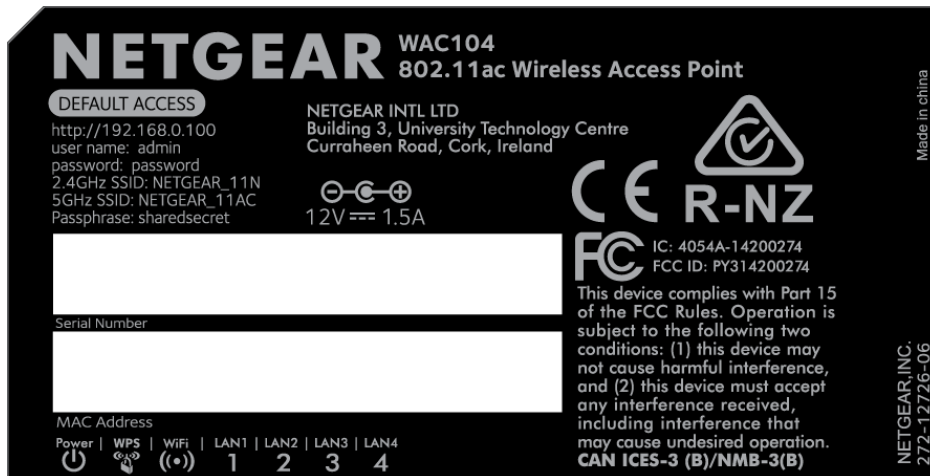


Figure 4. Access point label

Install and Access the Access Point in Your Network

2

This chapter describes how you can install and access the access point in your network.

The chapter contains the following sections:

- *Position Your Access Point* on page 10
- *Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server* on page 11
- *Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration* on page 12
- *Log In to the Access Point After Setup to View or Change Settings* on page 14
- *Change the Language* on page 15
- *Change the admin Password* on page 16
- *Set Up Password Recovery* on page 16
- *Set the Time Zone and Adjust the Daylight Saving Time* on page 17
- *Connect a Wired or WiFi Device to the Access Point's Network After Installation* on page 18

Position Your Access Point

The access point lets you access your network anywhere within the operating range of your WiFi network. However, the operating distance or range of your WiFi connection can vary significantly depending on the physical placement of your access point. For example, the thickness and number of walls the WiFi signal passes through can limit the range.

Additionally, other WiFi access points in and around your home might affect your access point's signal. WiFi access points are routers, repeaters, WiFi range extenders, and any other device that emits a WiFi signal for network access.

Position your access point according to the following guidelines:

- Place your access point near the center of the area where your computers and other devices operate and within line of sight to your WiFi devices.
- Make sure that the access point is within reach of an AC power outlet and near Ethernet cables for wired computers.
- Place the access point in an elevated location, minimizing the number walls and ceilings between the access point and your other devices.
- Place the access point away from electrical devices such as these:
 - Ceiling fans
 - Home security systems
 - Microwaves
 - Computers
 - Base of a cordless phone
 - 2.4 GHz cordless phone
 - 5 GHz cordless phone
- Place the access point away from large metal surfaces, large glass surfaces, insulated walls, and items such as these:
 - Solid metal door
 - Aluminum studs
 - Fish tanks
 - Mirrors
 - Brick
 - Concrete

If you are using adjacent access points, use different radio frequency channels to reduce interference.

Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server

The access point functions as a WiFi access point and LAN switch for Internet access but does *not* provide routing services such as NAT and does not include a DHCP server. Basically, the access point functions as a bridge between your existing router and the access point's LAN and WiFi clients, which receive an IP address from or through the router.

The easiest way to set up and start using the access point is to connect it to your router. If your network includes an independent DHCP server, connect the access point to a switch or hub that is connected to the DHCP server.

Note Do not directly connect the access point to your DSL or cable modem.

By default, the DHCP client of the access point is enabled, so the access point receives an IP address from your router (almost any router functions as a DHCP server) or from a DHCP server in your network.

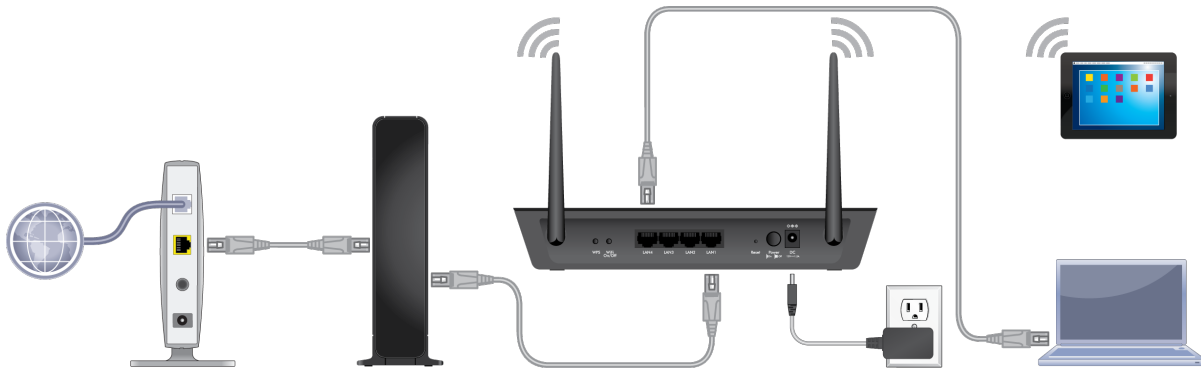




Figure 5. Connect the access point to a router

► To connect the access point to a router (or switch or hub that is connected to a DHCP server):

1. Connect the Ethernet cable that came in the package to one of the access point's Ethernet ports. You can use any of the four LAN ports on the access point.
2. Connect the other end of the cable to a LAN port on your router (or switch or hub that is connected to a DHCP server).
3. Power on the access point.
The Power LED  lights solid green. If the Power LED does not light, press the **Power On/Off** button.
Wait for the WiFi LED  to light solid green. If the WiFi LED does not light, press the **WiFi On/Off** button.
4. Log in to the access point by using one of the methods that are described in [Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration](#) on page 12.

Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration

After you set up the access point, you can use several methods to connect and log in to the access point for initial configuration.

You can use WiFi to connect your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device such as a tablet or smartphone to the access point or you can use a computer and an Ethernet cable to connect to a LAN port on the access point.

The following sections describe how you can connect to the access point:

- *Connect Over WiFi Using a WiFi-Enabled Computer or Mobile Device* on page 12
- *Connect Over Ethernet Using a Computer Connected to the Same Network* on page 13
- *Connect Over Ethernet Using a Directly Connected Computer* on page 13

To connect to the access point, follow the procedure in *one* of these sections.

Connect Over WiFi Using a WiFi-Enabled Computer or Mobile Device

This section describes how to connect to the access point for the first time over WiFi using a WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device. With this method, it does not matter whether the access point received an IP address from the router or a DHCP server or if the access point functions with its default IP address of 192.168.0.100.

► To connect to the access point over WiFi using a WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device:

1. From your computer or mobile device, connect over WiFi to the access point's default WiFi network. The default SSIDs are on the access point label on the bottom of the access point. The default password is **sharedsecret** and is also on the access point label.
2. On the computer or mobile device, open a web browser and, in the address bar, enter **www.aplogin.net**.

Note You can use www.aplogin.net only during initial setup of the access point.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the access point user name and password. The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive. The Home page displays. The IP Settings pane shows the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
4. Write down the access point IP address. You will need this IP address to log in to the access point in the future.
5. Customize the access point settings for your network environment.

Connect Over Ethernet Using a Computer Connected to the Same Network

The following procedure assumes that your network includes a DHCP server (or router that functions as a DHCP server) and that the access point and the computer are on the same network. By default, the DHCP client of the access point is enabled. If you want to set up the access point with a static (fixed) IP address, see *Connect Over Ethernet Using a Directly Connected Computer* on page 13.

► To connect to the access point using a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point:

1. To determine the IP address that your router or DHCP server in the network assigned to the access point, access the router or DHCP server or use an IP network scanner.
Free IP address scanner utilities are available online.
2. On the computer, open a web browser and, in the address bar, enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Customize the access point settings for your network environment.

Connect Over Ethernet Using a Directly Connected Computer

If your network does not include a DHCP server (or router that functions as a DHCP server), you want to assign a static IP address to the access point, or for some reason you cannot connect over WiFi or over a network connection, you can use a computer that is directly connected through an Ethernet cable to a LAN port on the access point.

The default IP address of the access point is 192.168.0.100.

► To connect to the access point using a computer that is connected to a LAN port on the access point:

1. Record the IP address and subnet mask of your computer so that you can reinstate these IP address settings later.
2. Temporarily change the IP address on your computer to 192.168.0.210 with 255.255.255.0 as the subnet mask.
(You can actually use any IP address in the 192.168.0.2–192.168.0.254 range, with the exception of IP address 192.168.0.100, which is the default access point IP address.)
For more information about changing the IP address on your computer, see the help or documentation for your computer.
3. Use an Ethernet cable to connect your computer to a LAN port on the access point.
4. On the computer, open a web browser and enter **192.168.0.100** in the address bar.
A login window opens.

5. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
6. Customize the access point settings for your network environment.
7. After you configure the access point IP address, write down the IP address.
You will need this IP address to log in to the access point in the future.
8. After you complete the initial configuration, you can change the computer back to its original IP address settings.

Log In to the Access Point After Setup to View or Change Settings

Note This task assumes that you already know the IP address at which you can log in to the access point. If you do not, see *Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration* on page 12.

After you set up the access point, you can view or change the settings for the access point.

► To log in to the access point web management interface:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.

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The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The screenshot shows the Netgear WAC104 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the Netgear logo, the model name 'WAC104 Dual Band Wireless AC Access Point', a language dropdown set to 'Language (Auto)', and a 'Logout' button. A left sidebar menu contains 'Home', 'Setup', 'Time', 'Administration', and 'Advanced Setup'. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- AP Information:** AP Name: WAC104; Ethernet MAC Address: A0:04:60:9F:80:68; Wireless MAC Address for 2.4 GHz: A0:04:60:9F:80:68; Wireless MAC Address for 5 GHz: A0:04:60:9F:80:6C; Region: United States; Firmware Version: V1.0.4.8; Serial Number: 4SL2698E0062A; Current Time: Saturday, 1 Jul 2017 10:58:25; Up Time: 0 Days 0 Hours 16 Minutes 52 Seconds.
- IP Settings:** IP Address: 192.168.100.172; Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0; Default Gateway: 192.168.100.1; Domain Name Server: 192.168.100.1; DHCP Client Status: Enabled.
- Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n):** AP Mode: AP; Channel: Auto (1); SSID: NETGEAR_11N; Mode: Up to 300 Mbps; Broadcast SSID: On; Wi-Fi Protected Setup: Configured.
- Wireless Settings (5GHz a/n/ac):** AP Mode: AP; Channel: Auto (P(36)+S(40)+S(44)+S(48)); SSID: NETGEAR_11AC; Mode: Up to 867 Mbps; Broadcast SSID: On; Wi-Fi Protected Setup: Configured.

At the bottom, there is a 'Support' section with links for 'Documentation' and 'Online Support', and a search bar labeled 'SEARCH HELP' with a 'GO' button.

The Home page displays a dashboard that lets you see the status of your access point at a glance. You can click the **IP Settings**, **Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n)**, or **Wireless Settings (5GHz a/n/ac)** heading to view more detailed information. For more information, see [View Information About the Access Point and the IP and WiFi Settings](#) on page 43. The left column displays the main menu.

Change the Language

By default, the language is set as Auto. You can change the language.

► To change the language:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. In the upper right corner, select a language from the menu.
5. When prompted, click the **OK** button to confirm this change.
The page refreshes with the language that you selected.

Change the admin Password

We recommend that you change the default password that you use to log in to the access point to a more secure password. This is the password that you use to log in to the access point with the user name admin.

The ideal password contains no dictionary words from any language and contains uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols. It can be up to 30 characters.

Note This admin password is the password that you use to log in to the access point web management interface. It is not the password that you use for WiFi access.

► To change the password for the user name admin:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Set Password**.
The Set Password page displays.
5. Enter the old password.
6. Enter the new password twice.

Note For information about setting up password recovery, see [Set Up Password Recovery](#) on page 16.

7. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Set Up Password Recovery

We recommend that you enable password recovery if you change the password for the access point user name admin. Then you can recover the password if it is forgotten. This recovery process is supported in Internet Explorer, Firefox, and Chrome browsers, but not in the Safari browser.

► To set up password recovery:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.

A login window opens.

3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Set Password**.
The Set Password page displays.
5. Select the **Enable Password Recovery** check box.
6. Select two security questions and provide answers to them.
7. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Set the Time Zone and Adjust the Daylight Saving Time

The access point might detect the time zone automatically or you might need to adjust the time zone and daylight saving time settings. When the access point synchronizes its clock with a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server, the page shows the date and time. If the page does not show the correct date and time, you might need to set the time zone and adjust the daylight saving time setting.

► To set the time zone and adjust the daylight saving time setting:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Time**.
The Time Zone page displays.
5. From the menu, select the time zone for the area in which the access point operates.
6. If the access point is in an area that observes daylight saving time, select the **Automatically adjust for Daylight Savings Time** check box.
7. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved. When the access point connects over the Internet to an NTP server, the date and time that display on the page are adjusted according to your settings.

Connect a Wired or WiFi Device to the Access Point's Network After Installation

After you install the access point in your network (see *Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server* on page 11), you can connect a device to the access point's LAN through an Ethernet cable or to the access point's WiFi network over a WiFi connection.

Note If your device is set up to use a static IP address, change the settings of your device so that it uses Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), which enables the device to receive an IP address from the router or network to which the access point is connected.

Connect to the Access Point Through an Ethernet Cable

You can connect a computer or other LAN device to the access point using an Ethernet cable and join the access point's local area network (LAN).

For information about logging in to the access point web management interface, see *Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration* on page 12 or *Log In to the Access Point After Setup to View or Change Settings* on page 14.

► To connect a computer or LAN device to the access point with an Ethernet cable:

1. Make sure that the access point is receiving power (its Power LED is lit).
2. Connect an Ethernet cable to an Ethernet port on the computer or LAN device.
3. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to one of the numbered Ethernet ports on the access point. You can use any of the four LAN ports on the access point.

Your computer or LAN device connects to the local area network (LAN). A message might display on your computer screen to notify you that an Ethernet cable is connected.

Join the WiFi Network of the Access Point

Choose either the manual or the WPS method to add a WiFi device such as a WiFi-enabled computer, tablet, or smartphone to the WiFi network of the access point.

For information about logging in to the access point web management interface, see *Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration* on page 12 or *Log In to the Access Point After Setup to View or Change Settings* on page 14.

Manual Method

On the WiFi device that you want to connect to the access point, you can use the software application that manages your WiFi connections.

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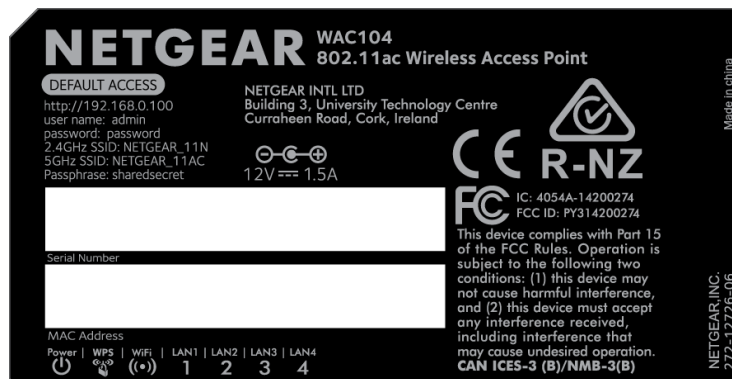
► To connect a device manually to the WiFi network of the access point:

1. Make sure that the access point is receiving power (its Power LED is lit) and that the WiFi radios are on (the WiFi LED is lit).
2. On the WiFi device that you want to connect to your access point, open the software application that manages your WiFi connections.

This software scans for all WiFi networks in your area.

3. Look for the access point's network and select it.

The default WiFi network name (SSID) for the 2.4 GHz radio band and the default SSID for the 5 GHz radio band are listed on the access point label.



4. Enter the WiFi passphrase.
The default WiFi passphrase is listed on the access point label.
5. Click the **Connect** button.
The device connects to the WiFi network of the access point.

Wi-Fi Protected Setup Method

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) is a standard for easily adding computers and other devices to a home network while maintaining security. To use WPS (Push 'N' Connect), make sure that all WiFi devices to be connected to the network are Wi-Fi certified and support WPS. During the connection process, the client gets the security settings from the access point so that every device in the network supports the same security settings.

► To use WPS to connect a device to the WiFi network of the access point:

1. Make sure that the access point is receiving power (its Power LED is lit) and that the WiFi radios are on (the WiFi LED is lit).
2. Check the WPS instructions for your computer or WiFi device.
3. Press the **WPS** button of the access point for three seconds.
4. Within two minutes, press the **WPS** button on your WiFi device, or follow the WPS instructions that came with the device.

The WPS process automatically sets up the device with the network password and connects the device to the WiFi network of the access point.

Manage the Basic WiFi Network Settings 3

This chapter describes how you can manage the basic WiFi network settings of the access point. For information about the advanced WiFi settings, see *Manage the Advanced WiFi Features* on page 50.

Tip If you want to change the settings of the access point's WiFi network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

The chapter includes the following sections:

- *Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network* on page 21
- *Control the WiFi Radios* on page 31

Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network

The access point comes with preset WiFi network names (SSIDs) and WPA and WPA2 mixed mode WiFi security with a preset WiFi passphrase. You can find the preset SSIDs and WiFi passphrase on the access point label (see *Access Point Label* on page 8).

View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings

You can view or change the basic WiFi settings and WiFi security. The access point simultaneously supports the 2.4 GHz band for 802.11b/g/n devices and the 5 GHz band for 802.11a/n/ac devices.

Tip If you change the WiFi settings of the access point's network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

► To view or change the basic WiFi settings:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.

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4. Select **Setup > Wireless Setup**.

Wireless Network

AP Name:

Select Region

Region:

Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n)

Name (SSID):

Channel:

Mode:

Enable SSID Broadcast

Enable 20/40 MHz Coexistence

Security Options

None

WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA/WPA2 Enterprise

Security Options (WPA-PSK + WPA2-PSK)

Passphrase: (8-63 characters or 64 hex digits)

Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac)

Name (SSID):

Channel:

Mode:

Enable SSID Broadcast

Security Options

None

WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA/WPA2 Enterprise

Security Options (WPA-PSK + WPA2-PSK)

Passphrase: (8-63 characters or 64 hex digits)

5. View or change the basic WiFi settings and security settings. The following table describes the fields on the Wireless Network page.

Field	Description
AP Name	The name of the access point. By default, the name is WAC104.
Region	<p>From the menu, select the region in which the access point operates. For some countries, you cannot change the region because it is preset.</p> <hr/> <p>Note Make sure the country is set to the location where the device is operating. The customer is responsible for complying within the local, regional, and national regulations set for channels, power levels, and frequency ranges.</p> <hr/> <p>Note It might not be legal to operate the access point in a region other than the regions listed in the menu. If your country or region is not listed, check with your local government agency.</p> <hr/>

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(Continued)

Field	Description
Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n)	
Name (SSID)	<p>The SSID is the WiFi network name. If you did not change the SSID, the default SSID for the 2.4 GHz band displays. The default SSID is also printed on the access point label (see Access Point Label on page 8).</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you change the SSID, enter a 32-character (maximum), case-sensitive name in this field.</p> <hr/>
Channel	<p>From the Channel menu, select Auto for automatic channel selection or select an individual channel. The default selection is Auto.</p> <hr/> <p>Note In some regions, not all channels are available. Do not change the channel unless you experience interference (shown by lost connections or slow data transfers). If this situation occurs, experiment with different channels to see which is the best.</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you use multiple WiFi access points (APs), reduce interference by selecting different channels for adjacent APs. We recommend a channel spacing of four channels between adjacent APs (for example, use Channels 1 and 5, or 6 and 10).</p> <hr/>
Mode	<p>From the Mode menu, select one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to 54 Mbps. Legacy mode. This mode allows 802.11n, 802.11g, and 802.11b devices to join the network but limits 802.11n devices to functioning at up to 54 Mbps. • Up to 145 Mbps. Neighbor-friendly mode for reduced interference with neighboring WiFi networks. This mode allows 802.11n, 802.11g, and 802.11b devices to join the network but limits 802.11n devices to functioning at up to 145 Mbps. • Up to 300 Mbps. Performance mode. This mode allows 802.11n, 802.11g, and 802.11b devices to join the network and allows 802.11n devices to function at up to 300 Mbps. This mode is the default mode. <hr/> <p>Note WPA-PSK security and WEP security support speeds of up to 54 Mbps. Even if your devices are capable of a higher speed, WPA-PSK security and WEP security limit their speed to 54 Mbps.</p> <hr/>

(Continued)

Field	Description
Enable SSID Broadcast	<p>By default, the access point broadcasts its SSID so that WiFi stations can detect the WiFi name (SSID) in their scanned network lists. To turn off the SSID broadcast, clear the Enable SSID Broadcast check box. Turning off the SSID broadcast provides additional WiFi security, but users must know the SSID to be able to join the WiFi network of the access point.</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you set up a WiFi distribution system (WDS; see <i>Set Up a WiFi Distribution System</i> on page 56), you must keep the SSID broadcast enabled.</p> <hr/>
Enable 20/40 MHz Coexistence	<p>By default, 20/40 MHz coexistence is enabled to prevent interference between WiFi networks in your environment at the expense of the WiFi speed. If no other WiFi networks are present in your environment, you can clear the Enable 20/40 MHz Coexistence check box to increase the WiFi speed to the maximum supported speed. The 20/40 MHz coexistence setting applies to the 2.4 GHz band only.</p>
<p>Security Options</p> <p>This information applies to the 2.4 GHz WiFi network.</p>	
<p>If you change the WiFi security, select one of the following WiFi security options for the access point's WiFi network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None. An open WiFi network does not provide any security. Any WiFi device can join the network. We recommend that you do <i>not</i> use an open WiFi network but configure WiFi security. • WEP. Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) security is a legacy authentication and data encryption mode that is superseded by WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK. The WEP option displays only if you select Up to 54 Mbps from the Mode menu. For information about configuring WEP, see <i>Configure WEP Legacy WiFi Security</i> on page 27. • WPA2-PSK [AES]. This type of security enables WiFi devices that support WPA2 to join the access point's 2.4 GHz WiFi network. If you did not change the passphrase, the default passphrase displays. The default passphrase is sharedsecret. WPA2 provides a secure connection but some older WiFi devices do not detect WPA2 and support only WPA. If your network includes such older devices, select WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES] security. If you change the passphrase, in the Passphrase field, enter a phrase of 8 to 63 characters. To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter this passphrase. • WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]. This option is the default setting and the default WiFi passphrase is printed on the access point label (see <i>Access Point Label</i> on page 8). This type of security enables WiFi devices that support either WPA or WPA2 to join the access point's 2.4 GHz WiFi network. However, WPA-PSK [TKIP] is less secure than WPA2-PSK [AES] and limits the speed of WiFi devices to 54 Mbps. To use this type of security, in the Passphrase field, enter a phrase of 8 to 63 characters. To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter this passphrase. • WPA/WPA2 Enterprise. This type of security requires that your WiFi network can access a RADIUS server. For information about configuring WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, see <i>Configure WPA and WPA2 Enterprise WiFi Security</i> on page 29. 	

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(Continued)

Field	Description
Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac)	
Name (SSID)	<p>The SSID is the WiFi network name. If you did not change the SSID, the default SSID for the 5 GHz band displays. The default SSID is also printed on the access point label (see Access Point Label on page 8).</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you change the SSID, enter a 32-character (maximum), case-sensitive name in this field.</p> <hr/>
Channel	<p>From the Channel menu, select an individual channel. The default channel depends on your selection from the Region menu.</p> <hr/> <p>Note In some regions, not all channels are available. Do not change the channel unless you experience interference (shown by lost connections or slow data transfers). If this situation occurs, experiment with different channels to see which is the best.</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you use multiple WiFi access points (APs), reduce interference by selecting different channels for adjacent APs. We recommend a channel spacing of four channels between adjacent APs.</p> <hr/>
Mode	<p>From the Mode menu, select one of the following modes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to 173 Mbps. Legacy mode. This mode allows 802.11ac, 802.11n, and 802.11a devices to join the network but limits 802.11ac and 802.11n devices to functioning at up to 173 Mbps. • Up to 400 Mbps. Neighbor-friendly mode for reduced interference with neighboring WiFi networks. This mode allows 802.11ac, 802.11n, and 802.11a devices to join the network but limits 802.11ac devices to functioning at up to 400 Mbps. • Up to 867 Mbps. Performance mode. This mode allows 802.11ac, 802.11n, and 802.11a devices to join the network and allows 802.11ac devices to function at up to 867 Mbps. This mode is the default mode.
Enable SSID Broadcast	<p>By default, the access point broadcasts its SSID so that WiFi stations can detect the WiFi name (SSID) in their scanned network lists. To turn off the SSID broadcast, clear the Enable SSID Broadcast check box. Turning off the SSID broadcast provides additional WiFi security, but users must know the SSID to be able to join the WiFi network of the access point.</p> <hr/> <p>Note If you set up a WiFi distribution system (WDS; see Set Up a WiFi Distribution System on page 56), you must keep the SSID broadcast enabled.</p> <hr/>

(Continued)

Field	Description
	<p>Security Options</p> <p>This information applies to the 5 GHz WiFi network.</p> <p>If you change the WiFi security, select one of the following WiFi security options for the access point's WiFi network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None. An open WiFi network does not provide any security. Any WiFi device can join the network. We recommend that you do <i>not</i> use an open WiFi network but configure WiFi security. • WPA2-PSK [AES]. This option is the default setting. This type of security enables WiFi devices that support WPA2 to join the access point's 5 GHz WiFi network. If you did not change the passphrase, the default passphrase displays. The default passphrase is sharedsecret. WPA2 provides a secure connection but some older WiFi devices do not detect WPA2 and support only WPA. If your network includes such older devices, select WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES] security. If you change the passphrase, in the Passphrase field, enter a phrase of 8 to 63 characters. To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter this passphrase. • WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]. This option is the default setting and the default WiFi passphrase is printed on the access point label (see Access Point Label on page 8). This type of security enables WiFi devices that support either WPA or WPA2 to join the access point's 5 GHz WiFi network. However, WPA-PSK [TKIP] is less secure than WPA2-PSK [AES] and limits the speed of WiFi devices to 54 Mbps. To use this type of security, in the Passphrase field, enter a phrase of 8 to 63 characters. To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter this passphrase. • WPA/WPA2 Enterprise. This type of security requires that your WiFi network can access a RADIUS server. For information about configuring WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, see Configure WPA and WPA2 Enterprise WiFi Security on page 29.

6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.

If you connected over WiFi to the network and you changed the SSID, you are disconnected from the network.

7. Make sure that you can reconnect over WiFi to the network with its new settings.

If you cannot connect over WiFi, check the following:

- If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is already connected to another WiFi network in your area, disconnect it from that WiFi network and connect it to the WiFi network that the access point provides. Some WiFi devices automatically connect to the first open network without WiFi security that they discover.
- If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is trying to connect to your network with its old settings (before you changed the settings), update the WiFi network selection in your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device to match the current settings for your network.
- Does your WiFi device display as an attached device? (See [View Devices Currently on the Network](#) on page 41.) If it does, it is connected to the network.
- Are you using the correct network name (SSID) and password?

Configure WEP Legacy WiFi Security

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) security is a legacy authentication and data encryption mode that is superseded by WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK. WEP limits the WiFi transmission speed to 54 Mbps (the access point is capable of speeds of up to 300 Mbps in the 2.4 GHz band).

Tip If you want to change the WiFi settings of the access point's network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

► To configure WEP security:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Setup > Wireless Setup**.
The Wireless Network page displays.
5. In the Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n) section, from the **Mode** menu, select **Up to 54 Mbps**.
The page adjusts to display the **WEP** radio button.

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- In the Security Options section, select the **WEP** radio button.

Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n)

Name (SSID):

Channel:

Mode:

Enable SSID Broadcast

Security Options

None

WEP

WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]

WPA/WPA2 Enterprise

Security Encryption (WEP)

Authentication Type:

Encryption Strength:

Security Encryption (WEP)

Key 1:

Key 2:

Key 3:

Key 4:

- From the **Authentication Type** menu, select one of the following types:
 - Automatic**. Clients can use either Automatic or Shared Key authentication.
 - Shared Key**. Clients can use only Shared Key authentication.
- From the **Encryption Strength** menu, select the encryption key size:
 - 64-bit**. Standard WEP encryption, using 40/64-bit encryption.
 - 128-bit**. Standard WEP encryption, using 104/128-bit encryption. This selection provides higher encryption security.
- Specify the active key by selecting the **Key 1**, **Key 2**, **Key 3**, or **Key 4** radio button.

Only one key can be the active key. To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter the key value for the key that you specified as the active key.
- Enter a value for the key:
 - For 64-bit WEP, enter 10 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0–9, A–F). The key values are not case-sensitive.
 - For 128-bit WEP, enter 26 hexadecimal digits (any combination of 0–9, A–F). The key values are not case-sensitive.

To join the access point's WiFi network, a user must enter the key value for the key that you specified as the active key.
- Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved.
- Make sure that you can reconnect over WiFi to the network with its new security settings.

If you cannot connect over WiFi, check the following:

Manage the Basic WiFi Network Settings

- If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is already connected to another WiFi network in your area, disconnect it from that WiFi network and connect it to the WiFi network that the access point provides. Some WiFi devices automatically connect to the first open network without WiFi security that they discover.
- If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is trying to connect to your network with its old settings (before you changed the settings), update the WiFi network selection in your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device to match the current settings for your network.
- Does your WiFi device display as an attached device? (See [View Devices Currently on the Network](#) on page 41.) If it does, it is connected to the network.
- Are you using the correct WiFi network name (SSID) and password?

Configure WPA and WPA2 Enterprise WiFi Security

Remote Authentication Dial In User Service (RADIUS) is an enterprise-level method for centralized Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA) management. To enable the access point to provide WPA and WPA2 enterprise WiFi security, the WiFi network that the access point provides must be able to access a RADIUS server.

Tip If you want to change the WiFi settings of the access point's network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

Note If you configure WPA and WPA2 enterprise security, you cannot use a WiFi distribution system (WDS; see [Set Up a WiFi Distribution System](#) on page 56). If you use a WDS, configure another type of WiFi security.

► To configure WPA and WPA2 enterprise security:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Setup > Wireless Setup**.
The Wireless Network page displays.

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- In the Security Options section below either the Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n) section or the Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac) section, select the **WPA/WPA2 Enterprise** radio button.

Security Options

None
 WPA2-PSK [AES]
 WPA-PSK [TKIP] + WPA2-PSK [AES]
 WPA/WPA2 Enterprise

Security Options (WPA/WPA2 Enterprise)

Encryption mode: WPA [TKIP] + WPA2 [AES] ▼
 Group Key Update Interval: 3600 (Seconds)
 RADIUS Server IP Address: . . .
 RADIUS server Port: 1812
 Shared Key: ●●●●●●●●

- In the WPA/WPA2 Enterprise section, enter the settings as described in the following table.

Field	Description
Encryption mode	From the Encryption Mode menu, select the enterprise mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> WPA [TKIP] +WPA2 [AES]. This type of security enables WiFi devices that support either WPA or WPA2 to join the access point's WiFi network. This is the default mode. WPA2 [AES]. WPA2 provides a secure connection but some older WiFi devices do not detect WPA2 and support only WPA. If your network includes such older devices, select WPA [TKIP] + WPA2 [AES] security.
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the interval in seconds after which the RADIUS group key is updated. The default interval is 3600 seconds.
RADIUS Server IP Address	Enter the IPv4 address of the RADIUS server to which the WiFi network can connect.
RADIUS Server Port	Enter the number of the port on the access point that is used to access the RADIUS server for authentication. The default port number is 1812.
Shared Key	Enter the shared key (RADIUS password) that is used between the access point and the RADIUS server during authentication of a WiFi user.

- Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.
- Make sure that you can reconnect over WiFi to the network with its new security settings.
If you cannot connect over WiFi, check the following:
 - If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is already connected to another WiFi network in your area, disconnect it from that WiFi network and connect it to the WiFi network that the access point provides. Some WiFi devices automatically connect to the first open network without WiFi security that they discover.
 - If your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device is trying to connect to your network with its old settings (before you changed the settings), update the WiFi network selection in your WiFi-enabled computer or mobile device to match the current settings for your network.

Manage the Basic WiFi Network Settings

- Does your WiFi device display as an attached device? (See [View Devices Currently on the Network](#) on page 41.) If it does, it is connected to the network.
- Are you using the correct network name (SSID) and password?

Control the WiFi Radios

The access point provides internal WiFi radios that broadcast signals in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands. By default, they are on so that you can connect over WiFi to the access point. When the WiFi radios are off, you can still use an Ethernet cable for a LAN connection to the access point.

You can turn the WiFi radios on and off with the **WiFi On/Off** button on the access point, or you can log in to the access point and enable or disable the WiFi radios through the access point web management interface. If you are close to the access point, it might be easier to press the **WiFi On/Off** button. If you are away from the access point or already logged in, it might be easier to enable or disable the radios through the access point web management interface. You can also turn the WiFi radios off and on based on a schedule. (See [Add a WiFi Schedule](#) on page 51.)

Use the WiFi On/Off Button

► To turn the WiFi radios off and on with the WiFi On/Off button:

Press the **WiFi On/Off** button on the rear panel of the access point for two seconds.

If you turned off the WiFi radios, the WiFi LED turns off. If you turned on the WiFi radios, the WiFi LED lights solid green.

Tip If you want to disable the WiFi radio or radios of the access point, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when WiFi radio or radios turn off.

Enable or Disable the WiFi Radios

If you used the **WiFi On/Off** button to turn off the WiFi radios, you cannot log in to the access point over a WiFi connection to turn them back on. You must press the **WiFi On/Off** button again for two seconds to turn the WiFi radios back on.

► To enable or disable the WiFi radios:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.

4. Select **Advanced Setup > Advanced Wireless Settings**.

Advanced Wireless Settings

Cancel Apply

Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n)

Enable Radio

Fragmentation Length (256-2346)

CTS/RTS Threshold (1-2347)

Preamble Mode

Wireless Schedule
 The wireless signal is scheduled to turn off during the following time period:

Period	Start	End	Recurrence Pattern
<input type="button" value="+ Add a new period"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="x Delete"/>			

Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac)

Enable Radio

Fragmentation Length (256-2346)

CTS/RTS Threshold (1-2347)

Preamble Mode

Wireless Schedule
 The wireless signal is scheduled to turn off during the following time period:

Period	Start	End	Recurrence Pattern
<input type="button" value="+ Add a new period"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/> <input type="button" value="x Delete"/>			

5. Do one of the following in the Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n) section, Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac) section, or both sections:
 - **Turn off the radio.** Clear the **Enable Radio** check box.
The WiFi LED turns off.
 - **Turn on the radio.** Select the **Enable Radio** check box.
The WiFi LED lights solid green.
6. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Manage the Access Point and Monitor the Traffic

4

This chapter describes how you can manage the settings for administering and maintaining the access point and monitor the network.

The chapter includes the following sections:

- *Update the Firmware of the Access Point* on page 34
- *Manage the Configuration File of the Access Point* on page 36
- *Recover the admin Password* on page 37
- *Return the Access Point to Its Factory Default Settings* on page 38
- *Change the IP Address Settings of the Access Point* on page 40
- *View Devices Currently on the Network* on page 41
- *View the Status and Statistics of the Access Point* on page 43
- *View or Clear the Logs* on page 48

Update the Firmware of the Access Point

The access point firmware is stored in flash memory.

You can check to see if new firmware is available and update the access point to the new firmware. You can also visit the NETGEAR support website, download the firmware manually, and update the access point to the new firmware.

Check for New Firmware and Update the Access Point

For you to check for new firmware, the access point must be connected to the Internet.

► To check for new firmware and update your access point:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Firmware Update**.
The Firmware Update page displays.
5. Click the **Check** button.
The access point detects new firmware if any is available and displays a message asking if you want to download and install it.
6. To download and install the new firmware, click the **Yes** button.
The access point locates the firmware, downloads it, and begins the update.



WARNING:

To avoid the risk of corrupting the firmware, do not interrupt the update. For example, do not close the browser, click a link, or load a new page. Do not turn off the access point. Wait until the access point finishes restarting and the Power LED remains solid green.

A progress bar shows the progress of the firmware upload process. The firmware upload process takes several minutes. When the upload is complete, your access point restarts.

7. Verify that the access point runs the new firmware version by doing the following:
 - a. Open a web browser from the computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
 - b. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.

A login window opens.

- c. Enter the access point user name and password.

The Home page displays. The firmware version is stated in the Firmware Version field of the AP Information panel.

8. Read the new firmware release notes to determine whether you must reconfigure the access point after updating.

Manually Upload New Firmware and Update the Access Point

Downloading firmware and updating the access point are two separate tasks that are combined in the following procedure.

► To download new firmware manually and update your access point:

1. Visit downloadcenter.netgear.com, locate the support page for your product, and download the new firmware.
2. Read the new firmware release notes to determine whether you must reconfigure the access point after updating.
3. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
4. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
5. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
6. Select **Administration > Firmware Update**.
The Firmware Update page displays.
7. Locate and select the firmware file on your computer by doing the following:
 - a. Click the **Browse** button.
 - b. Navigate to the firmware file.
The file ends in `.img`. An example of a firmware file name is `WAC104_V1.0.3.7.img`.
 - c. Select the firmware file.
8. Click the **Upload** button.



WARNING:

To avoid the risk of corrupting the firmware, do not interrupt the update. For example, do not close the browser, click a link, or load a new page. Do not turn off the access point. Wait until the access point finishes restarting and the Power LED remains solid green.

A progress bar shows the progress of the firmware upload process. The firmware upload process takes several minutes. When the upload is complete, the access point restarts.

9. Verify that the access point runs the new firmware version by doing the following:
 - a. Open a web browser from the computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
 - b. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
 - c. Enter the access point user name and password.
The Home page displays. The firmware version is stated in the Firmware Version field of the AP Information panel.

Manage the Configuration File of the Access Point

The configuration settings of the access point are stored within the access point in a configuration file. You can back up (save) this file to your computer or restore it.

Back Up the Settings

You can save a copy of the current configuration settings. If necessary, you can restore the configuration settings later.

► To back up the access point's configuration settings:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Backup Settings**.
The Backup Settings page displays.
5. Click the **Backup** button.
6. Choose a location to store the file on your computer.
The name of the backup file is `NETGEAR_WAC104.cfg`.
7. Follow the directions of your browser to save the file.

Restore the Settings

If you backed up the configuration file, you can restore the configuration from this file.

▶ To restore configuration settings that you backed up:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Backup Settings**.
The Backup Settings page displays.
5. Click the **Browse** button and navigate to and select the saved configuration file.
The name of the backup file from which you can restore the configuration is `NETGEAR_WAC104.cfg`.
6. Click the **Restore** button.
The configuration is uploaded to the access point. When the restoration is complete, the access point reboots. This process takes about two minutes.



WARNING:

To avoid the risk of corrupting the firmware, do not interrupt the restoration. For example, do not close the browser, click a link, or load a new page. Do not turn off the access point. Wait until the access point finishes restarting and the Power LED remains solid green.

Recover the admin Password

We recommend that you enable password recovery if you change the password for the access point user name admin. Then you can recover the password if it is forgotten. This recovery process is supported in Internet Explorer, Firefox, and Chrome browsers, but not in the Safari browser. For information about setting up password recovery, see [Set Up Password Recovery](#) on page 16.

The following procedure works only if you already did set up password recovery.

▶ To recover your password:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.

3. Click the **Cancel** button.
If password recovery is enabled, you are prompted to enter the serial number of the access point. The serial number is on the access point label.
4. Enter the serial number of the access point.
5. Click the **Continue** button.
A page displays requesting the answers to your security questions.
6. Enter the saved answers to your security questions.
7. Click the **Continue** button.
A page displays your recovered password.
8. Click the **Login again** button.
A login window opens.
9. With your recovered password, log in to the access point.

Return the Access Point to Its Factory Default Settings

Under some circumstances (for example, if you lost track of the changes that you made to the access point settings or you move the access point to a different network), you might want to erase the configuration and reset the access point to factory default settings.

If you do not know the current IP address of the access point, first try to use an IP scanner application to detect the IP address before you reset the access point to factory default settings.

To reset the access point to factory default settings, you can use either the **Reset** button on the back of the access point or the Erase function. However, if you cannot find the IP address or lost the password to access the access point, you must use the **Reset** button.

After you reset the access point to factory default settings, the user name is admin, the password is password, and the access point's DHCP client is enabled. If the access point is not connected to a network, its default LAN IP address is 192.168.0.100. For a list of factory default settings, see [Factory Default Settings](#) on page 70.

Use the Reset Button

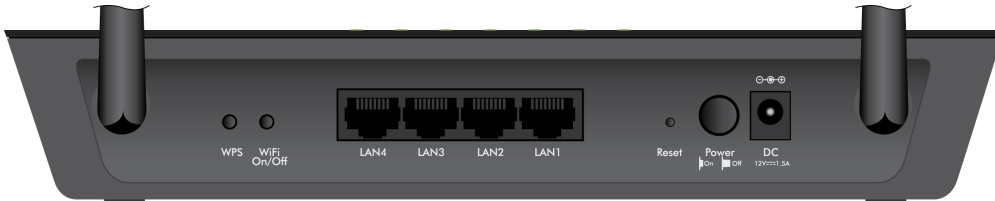


CAUTION:

This process erases all settings that you configured in the access point.

▶ To reset the access point to factory default settings:

1. On the back of the access point, locate the recessed **Reset** button to the left of the **Power On/Off** button.



2. Using a straightened paper clip, press and hold the **Reset** button for at least 10 seconds.
3. Release the **Reset** button.
The configuration is reset to factory default settings. When the reset is complete, the access point reboots. This process takes about two minutes.



WARNING:

To avoid the risk of corrupting the firmware, do not interrupt the reset. For example, if you are connected to the access point web management interface, do not close the browser, click a link, or load a new page. Do not turn off the access point. Wait until the access point finishes restarting and the Power LED remains solid green.

Erase the Settings



CAUTION:

This process erases all settings that you configured in the access point.

▶ To erase the settings:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Backup Settings**.
The Backup Settings page displays.
5. Click the **Erase** button.

The configuration is reset to factory default settings. When the reset is complete, the access point reboots. This process takes about two minutes.



WARNING:

To avoid the risk of corrupting the firmware, do not interrupt the reset. For example, do not close the browser, click a link, or load a new page. Do not turn off the access point. Wait until the access point finishes restarting and the Power LED remains solid green.

Change the IP Address Settings of the Access Point

Under some circumstances, for example, when you move the access point from one network to another, you might need to change the IP address settings of the access point.

For information about connecting the access point to your router or network, see [Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server](#) on page 11 and [Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration](#) on page 12.

The following procedure describes how you can either configure a static IP address or reenble the DHCP client of the access point.

► **To change the IP settings of the access point:**

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.

4. Select **Advanced Setup > IP Settings**.

Wireless Access Point

Cancel Apply

Choose IP Address settings on this access point:

Get dynamically from existing router.

IP Address

IP Subnet Mask

Gateway IP Address

Primary DNS

Secondary DNS

Use fixed IP Address (not recommended).

The previous figure shows that the access point's DHCP client is enabled.

5. Configure the IP settings by taking one of the following actions:

- Disable the DHCP client and configure a static IP address by doing the following:
 - a. Select the **Use fixed IP Address (not recommended)** radio button.
 - b. Enter the IP address information that you collected in the **IP Address**, **IP Subnet Mask**, **Gateway IP Address**, **Primary DNS**, and **Secondary DNS** fields.
- Enable the DHCP client by selecting the **Get dynamically from existing router** radio button.

6. Click the **Apply** button.

Your settings are saved and the access point restarts. After the access point becomes available again, to log in to the access point web management interface, you must use either the static IP address that you configured or the IP address that your router or DHCP server in the network assigned to the access point.

You can determine that IP address either by accessing the router or DHCP server or by using an IP network scanner. (Free IP address scanner utilities are available online.)

View Devices Currently on the Network

You can view the active wired and WiFi devices in both the network to which the access point is connected and the access point network. If you do not recognize a WiFi device, it might be an intruder.

► To display the attached wired and WiFi devices:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.

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- Enter the access point user name and password.

The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The Home page displays.

- Select **Administration > Attached Devices**.

Attached Devices

Wired Devices				
Status	Device Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Connection Type
Allowed	Unknown	192.168.100.1	DC:9F:DB:CB:CB:CB	Wired
Allowed	BUSINESSLAPTOP	192.168.100.122	00:24:98:CB:CB:CB	Wired
Allowed	PAVILION	192.168.100.143	38:60:77:CB:CB:CB	Wired

Wireless Devices (Wireless intruders also show up here)							
Status	Device Name	BSSID	SSID	Type	Radio	MAC Address	Connection Type
Allowed	BUSINESSLAPTOP	B0:7F:B9:CB:CB:CB	NETGEAR_11N	WPA2-PSK	2.4G	60:6C:66:CB:CB:CB	Wireless

Wired devices are connected to the access point with Ethernet cables. WiFi devices are connected to the access point through the WiFi network, in either the 2.4 GHz band or the 5 GHz band.

The following table describes the fields on the Attached Devices page.

Field	Description
Wired Devices	
Status	For LAN devices, the status is always Allowed.
Device Name	The device name, if detected.
IP Address	The IP address that is assigned to the device when it joined the network. This address can change when a device is disconnected and rejoins the network.
MAC Address	The unique MAC address. The MAC address does not change and is usually shown on the product label.
Connection Type	For LAN devices, the connection type is always Wired.
Wireless Devices	
Status	If access control is enabled (see Manage Access to the WiFi Network Through a WiFi Access List on page 52), the access control status of the device in the network (Allowed or Blocked).
Device Name	The device name, if detected.
BSSID	The basic service set identifier (BSSID), which is the MAC address of the radio to which the WiFi device is connected.
SSID	The service set identifier (SSID) or WiFi network name that the WiFi device is using.
Type	The type of WiFi security, if any, for the WiFi network to which the device is connected.
Radio	The radio to which the WiFi device is connected (2.4 GHz or 5 GHz).

(Continued)

Field	Description
MAC Address	The unique MAC address. The MAC address does not change and is usually shown on the product label.
Connection Type	For WiFi devices, the connection type is always Wireless.

- To refresh the information onscreen, click the **Refresh** button.
The information onscreen is updated.

View the Status and Statistics of the Access Point

You can view information about the access point, its IP settings, and its WiFi network. In addition, you can view traffic statistics for the various ports.

View Information About the Access Point and the IP and WiFi Settings

You can view information about the access point and the IP and WiFi settings for each of the radios.

► To view information about the access point and the IP and WiFi settings:




- Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
- Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
- Enter the access point user name and password.

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The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

✓ AP Information		✓ IP Settings	
AP Name	WAC104	IP Address	192.168.100.176
Ethernet MAC Address	B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E0	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Wireless MAC Address for 2.4 GHz	B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E0	Default Gateway	192.168.100.1
Wireless MAC Address for 5 GHz	B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E4	Domain Name Server	192.168.100.1
Region	United States	DHCP Client Status	Enabled
Firmware Version	V1.0.3.7		
Serial Number	3XM767B203EFC		
Current Time	Monday, 19 Sep 2016 15:51:00		
Up Time	3 Days 1 Hours 33 Minutes 44 Seconds		
✓ Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n)		✓ Wireless Settings (5GHz a/n/ac)	
AP Mode	AP	AP Mode	AP
Channel	5	Channel	P(149)+S(153)+S(157)+S(161)
SSID	NETGEAR_11N	SSID	NETGEAR_11AC
Mode	Up to 300 Mbps	Mode	Up to 867 Mbps
Broadcast SSID	On	Broadcast SSID	On
Wi-Fi Protected Setup	Configured	Wi-Fi Protected Setup	Configured

The information onscreen uses the following color coding:

- A green flag  indicates that the AP information and IP settings are fine and no problems exist. For a WiFi network, the network is enabled and secured.
- A red X  indicates that a problem exists or the connection is down. For a WiFi network, the network is disabled or down.
- An amber exclamation mark  indicates that the access point cannot get an Internet connection (for example, because a cable is disconnected), that a WiFi network is enabled but open (that is, it is unprotected), or that another situation that requires your attention occurred.

Note By default, the access point's WiFi network in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands is open and unsecured. We recommend that you set up WiFi security for both radio bands.

The following table describes the fields of the four panes on the Home page.

Field	Description
AP Information	
AP Name	The access point name. By default, the name is WAC104. For more information, see <i>Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network</i> on page 21.
Ethernet MAC Address	The Media Access Control (MAC) address of Ethernet (LAN) interface through which the access point connects to the router or network switch or hub. This address does not change.

(Continued)

Field	Description
Wireless MAC Address for 2.4 GHz	The MAC address of the 2.4 GHz radio. This address is also the basic service set identifier (BSSID) of the 2.4 GHz radio. This address does not change.
Wireless MAC Address for 5 GHz	The MAC address of the 5 GHz radio. This address is also the BSSID of the 5 GHz radio. This address does not change.
Region	The country and region in which the access point is being used. For more information, see Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network on page 21.
Firmware Version	The version of the access point firmware. If you upgrade the firmware on the access point, the version changes. For more information, see Update the Firmware of the Access Point on page 34.
Serial Number	The serial number of the access point. This number does not change.
Current Time	The current date and time. For more information, see Set the Time Zone and Adjust the Daylight Saving Time on page 17.
Up Time	The time elapsed since the access point was last restarted. The up time ignores restarting of the web management interface, which occurs when you save the settings for certain features. (To keep things simple, restarting the web management interface is often referred to as restarting the access point, but it is not the same.)
IP Settings	
The IP address settings that the access point uses. In almost all situations, these IP address settings are assigned by your router or a DHCP server in your network. For information about how to configure the Internet settings, see Connect and Log In to the Access Point for Initial Configuration on page 12 or Change the IP Address Settings of the Access Point on page 40.	
IP Address	The IP address that the access point uses. By default, this IP address is 192.168.0.100. After the access point receives an IP address from your router or a DHCP server in your network, or if you configure a static IP address, the IP address is different from the default address.
Subnet Mask	The IP subnet mask that the access point uses.
Default Gateway	The gateway through which the access point connects to the Internet.
Domain Name Server	The IP address of the Domain Name System (DNS) server that the access point uses.
DHCP Client Status	Indicates whether the DHCP client of the access point is enabled or disabled. By default, the DHCP client is enabled.
Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n)	
The settings of the WiFi port for the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network. For information about how to configure these settings, see Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network on page 21 and Control the WiFi Radios on page 31.	

(Continued)

Field	Description
AP Mode	The AP mode is always AP.
Channel	The channel that the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network uses.
SSID	The WiFi network name for the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network.
Mode	The WiFi Mbps settings that the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network uses.
Broadcast SSID	Displays whether the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network broadcasts its SSID.
Wi-Fi Protected Setup	<p>Displays whether the access point keeps its existing WiFi settings when you use WPS to connect a device to the 2.4 GHz band of the WiFi network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configured. The access point keeps its existing WiFi settings. This is the default setting. • Not configured. The access point generates a random SSID and passphrase and changes the security mode to WPA/WPA2-PSK mixed mode. For more information, see Manage the WPS Settings on page 54.
Wireless Settings (5GHz a/n/ac)	
The settings of the WiFi port for the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network. For information about how to configure these settings, see Manage the Basic WiFi Settings and WiFi Security of the WiFi Network on page 21 and Control the WiFi Radios on page 31.	
AP Mode	The AP mode is always AP.
Channel	The channel that the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network uses.
SSID	The WiFi network name for the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network.
Mode	The WiFi Mbps settings that the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network uses.
Broadcast SSID	Displays whether the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network broadcasts its SSID.
Wi-Fi Protected Setup	<p>Displays whether the access point keeps its existing WiFi settings when you use WPS to connect a device to the 5 GHz band of the WiFi network:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configured. The access point keeps its existing WiFi settings. This is the default setting. • Not configured. The access point generates a random SSID and passphrase and changes the security mode to WPA/WPA2-PSK mixed mode. For more information, see Manage the WPS Settings on page 54.

Note If you set up a WiFi distribution system (WDS; see [Set Up a WiFi Distribution System](#) on page 56), one or more Wireless Repeater panes show. Depending on the WDS configuration, the MAC address of the base station or the MAC addresses of the repeaters display.

View the Traffic Statistics

You can view the traffic statistics for the ports of the access point.

► To view the traffic statistics for the ports of the access point:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Status**.

System Up Time 73:30:41

Port	Status	TxPkts	RxPkts	Collisions	Tx B/s	Rx B/s	Up Time
LAN1	1000M/Full	160549	342047	0	84	240	73:30:33
LAN2	Link down						--
LAN3	Link down						--
LAN4	Link down						--
2.4G WLAN b/g/n	300M	24918	36035	0	42	14	73:30:19
5G WLAN a/n/ac	867M	0	0	0	0	0	73:30:19

Poll Interval: (secs)

The following table describes the fields and columns of the table on the page.

Field or Column	Description
System Up Time	The time elapsed since the access point was last restarted.
Port	The statistics for the LAN (Ethernet) ports, WLAN b/g/n, and WLAN a/n/ac ports. For each port, the page displays the information that is described in this table.
Status	The link status of the port.
TxPkts	The number of packets transmitted on this port since reset or manual clear.
RxPkts	The number of packets received on this port since reset or manual clear.
Collisions	The number of packets that collided on this port since reset or manual clear.
Tx B/s	The detected rate of packet transmission in bytes per second on this port.

(Continued)

Field or Column	Description
Rx B/s	The detected rate of packet reception in bytes per second on this port.
Up Time	The time elapsed since this port acquired the link.
Poll Interval	The interval at which the statistics are updated on this page. For more information, see Change the Traffic Statistics Polling Frequency on page 48.

Change the Traffic Statistics Polling Frequency

You can change the polling frequency or stop traffic polling. For information about the traffic statistics, see [View the Traffic Statistics](#) on page 47.

► To change the traffic statistics polling frequency or stop polling:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Status**.
The page displays the traffic statistics.
5. To change the polling frequency, do the following:
 - a. In the **Poll Interval** field, enter a time in seconds.
 - b. Click the **Set Interval** button.
6. To stop polling, click the **Stop** button.

View or Clear the Logs

You can view the log messages (in short, the logs) that are collected on the access point. These logs might be useful if a technical support team helps you to resolve a problem. You can also clear the logs.

▶ To view or clear the logs:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Administration > Logs**.
The Logs page displays. The page shows the current time and, for each log entry, the following information:
 - **Action**. The action that occurred, such as whether a WLAN connection was made.
 - **Source**. The name, IP address, or MAC address of a device, if applicable.
 - **Date and time**. The date and time that the entry was logged.
5. To refresh the log screen, click the **Refresh** button.
6. To clear the log entries, click the **Clear Log** button.

Manage the Advanced WiFi Features

5

This chapter describes how you can manage the advanced WiFi features of the access point. For information about the basic WiFi settings, see *Manage the Basic WiFi Network Settings* on page 20.

Tip If you want to change the settings of the access point's WiFi network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

The chapter includes the following sections:

- *Add a WiFi Schedule* on page 51
- *Manage Access to the WiFi Network Through a WiFi Access List* on page 52
- *Manage the WPS Settings* on page 54
- *Manage Advanced WiFi Settings* on page 55
- *Set Up a WiFi Distribution System* on page 56

Add a WiFi Schedule

You can use this feature to turn off the WiFi signal from your access point at times when you do not need a WiFi connection. For example, you might turn it off at night or for the weekend. You can add a separate WiFi schedule for each WiFi band. You can also add multiple schedules for each WiFi band.

Note You can add a WiFi schedule only if the access point is connected to the Internet and synchronizes its internal clock with a time server on the Internet. For more information about whether the access point synchronizes its clock, see [Set the Time Zone and Adjust the Daylight Saving Time](#) on page 17.

► To add a WiFi schedule for a WiFi band:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Advanced Setup > Advanced Wireless Settings**.

Advanced Wireless Settings Cancel Apply

Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n)

Enable Radio

Fragmentation Length (256-2346)

CTS/RTS Threshold (1-2347)

Preamble Mode

Wireless Schedule
The wireless signal is scheduled to turn off during the following time period:

Period	Start	End	Recurrence Pattern
+ Add a new period			✎ Edit ✕ Delete

Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac)

Enable Radio

Fragmentation Length (256-2346)

CTS/RTS Threshold (1-2347)

Preamble Mode

Wireless Schedule
The wireless signal is scheduled to turn off during the following time period:

Period	Start	End	Recurrence Pattern
+ Add a new period			✎ Edit ✕ Delete

5. In the Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n) section or Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac) section, select the **Wireless Schedule** check box.

- In the Wireless Network (2.4GHz b/g/n) section or Wireless Network (5GHz a/n/ac) section, click the **Add a new period** button.

When to turn off wireless signal

Cancel Apply

When to turn off wireless signal

Start: 00:00 ▾

End: 00:00 ▾

Recurrence Pattern

Daily

Select Days

Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday

Thursday Friday Saturday

- Use the menus, radio buttons, and check boxes to set up a period during which you want to turn off the WiFi signal and specify whether the schedule is recurrent.
- Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved, the Advanced Wireless Settings page displays again, and the new schedule shows in the table for the section to which you added the schedule.
The radio button for the schedule lets you select the schedule if you want to change (edit) or delete it, or if you added multiple schedules, make it the active schedule.
- Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved and the schedule becomes active. The WiFi signal is turned off according to the schedule that you added.

Manage Access to the WiFi Network Through a WiFi Access List

By default, all WiFi devices are allowed to connect to the WiFi network. If you enable access control, only devices that you add to the WiFi access control list (ACL) are allowed access to the WiFi network and all other WiFi devices are blocked. An ACL functions with the MAC addresses of WiFi devices.

The access point can detect the MAC addresses of devices that are connected to the WiFi network and list the MAC addresses of devices.

Each network device owns a MAC address, which is a unique 12-character physical address, containing the hexadecimal characters 0–9, a–f, or A–F (uppercase or lowercase) only, and separated by colons (for example, 00:09:AB:CD:EF:01). The MAC address might be on the label of the WiFi device, you might find it in the system information of the device, or you might be able to display it by using the network configuration utility of the device.

► To add WiFi devices to the access control list and enable access control:

- Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
- Enter the access point user name and password.

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The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The Home page displays.

3. Select **Advanced Setup > Advanced Wireless Settings**.

The Advanced Wireless Settings page displays.

4. Scroll down to the bottom of the page and click the **Set Up Access List** button.

Wireless Client Access List

Turn Access Control On

Device Name	MAC Address
+ Add	✎ Edit
✕ Delete	

If you did not yet add any WiFi devices to the access list, the table does not show any.

5. Click the **Add** button.

Wireless Client Access Setup

Available Wireless Access List

#	Device Name	MAC Address
<input type="radio"/>	BUSINESSLAPTOP	60:6C:66:DA:66:66
<input type="radio"/>	AndroidPhone	00:11:22:33:33:33

Wireless Client Entry

Device Name:

MAC Address:

The Available Wireless Client List shows the detected WiFi devices with their device name and MAC addresses.

6. To add a device to the allowed list, either select the radio button of a WiFi device on the Available Wireless Client List or, if the WiFi device does not show on the Available Wireless Client List, enter the device name in the **Device Name** field and the MAC address in the **MAC Address** field.
7. Click the **Add** button.

Wireless Client Access List

Turn Access Control On

Device Name	MAC Address
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	AndroidPhone
+ Add	✎ Edit
✕ Delete	

The WiFi device that you added shows in the table on the Wireless Client Access List, that is, it is added to the access control list.

The radio button for the WiFi device lets you select the device if you want to change (edit) it or remove it from the access control list.

8. To add another WiFi device to the access control list, repeat [Step 5](#) through [Step 7](#).

Note If you are connected to the access point over a WiFi connection, make sure that you add your own WiFi device to the access control list before you enable access control.

9. Select the **Turn Access Control On** button.
10. Click the **Apply** button.
The access control list is saved and the Advanced Wireless Settings page displays again.
11. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved and the access control list becomes active. Only WiFi devices that are on the access control list are now allowed to connect to the WiFi network of the access point.

Manage the WPS Settings

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) lets you join the WiFi network without typing the WiFi password. You can change the WPS default settings.

► To manage the WPS settings:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Select **Advanced Setup > Advanced Wireless Settings**.
The Advanced Wireless Settings page displays.
5. Scroll down to the bottom of the page.

WPS Settings

WAC104's PIN: **22847256**

Enable WAC104's PIN

To prevent PIN compromise, auto disable the PIN after 3 failed PIN connections, until WAC104 reboots.
In auto disabled mode, WAC104's WPS LED will keep blinking slowly.

Keep Existing Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n)

Keep Existing Wireless Settings (5GHz a/n/ac)

Wireless Client Access List [Set Up Access List](#)

The WAC104's PIN field displays the fixed PIN that you use if you want to configure the access point's WiFi settings from another platform through WPS.

6. To disable the PIN, clear the **Enable WAC104's PIN** check box.
By default, the **Enable WAC104's PIN** check box is selected and the access point's PIN is enabled. For enhanced security, you can disable the access point's PIN by clearing the **Enable WAC104's PIN**

check box. However, when you disable the access point's PIN, WPS is not disabled because you can still use the physical **WPS** button.

Note The PIN function might temporarily be disabled automatically if the access point detects suspicious attempts to break into the access point's WiFi settings by using the access point's PIN through WPS.

7. To allow the WiFi settings to be changed automatically when you use WPS, clear the **Keep Existing Wireless Settings** check box for the 2.4 GHz band, for the 5 GHz band, or for both bands.

By default, the **Keep Existing Wireless Settings** check boxes are selected. We recommend that you leave these check boxes selected. If you clear the check box for a band, the next time a new WiFi device uses WPS to connect to the access point, the access point WiFi settings for the band change to an automatically generated random SSID and passphrase. For information about viewing this SSID and passphrase, see [View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings](#) on page 21. Clear the **Keep Existing Wireless Settings** check box for a band only if you want to allow the WPS process to change the SSID and passphrase for WiFi access.



WARNING:

If you clear the **Keep Existing Wireless Settings** check box for a band and use **WPS** to add a WiFi device to the access point's WiFi network, the SSID and passphrase for the band are automatically generated and other WiFi devices that are already connected to the access point's WiFi network might be disconnected.

8. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Manage Advanced WiFi Settings

For most WiFi networks, the advanced WiFi settings work fine and you do not need to change the settings.

► **To manage advanced WiFi features:**

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.

4. Select **Advanced Setup > Advanced Wireless Settings**.

5. Enter the settings as described in the following table.
The descriptions in the table (not the settings onscreen) apply to both the Advanced Wireless Settings (2.4GHz b/g/n) section and the Advanced Wireless Settings (5GHz 802.11a/n/ac) section.

Field	Description
Fragmentation Length (256-2346)	The fragmentation length (the default is 2346), CTS/RTS threshold (the default is 2347), and the preamble mode (the default is Automatic) are reserved for WiFi testing and advanced configuration only. Do not change these settings unless directed by NETGEAR support or unless you are sure what the consequences are. Incorrect settings might disable the WiFi function of the access point unexpectedly.
CTS/RTS Threshold (1-2347)	
Preamble Mode	

6. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Set Up a WiFi Distribution System

The access point can function as a WiFi base station or a WiFi repeater in a WiFi distribution system (WDS). A WDS expands a WiFi network through multiple access points. The access point supports both point-to-point and point-to-multipoint configurations.

A WiFi base station connects to the Internet, wired and WiFi clients can connect to the base station, and the base station sends its WiFi signal to one or more access points that function as WiFi repeaters. Wired and WiFi clients can also connect to a WiFi repeater, but the repeater connects to the Internet through the WiFi base station. The following figure shows a WiFi repeating scenario with a WiFi base station on the left side and a single WiFi repeater on the right side.

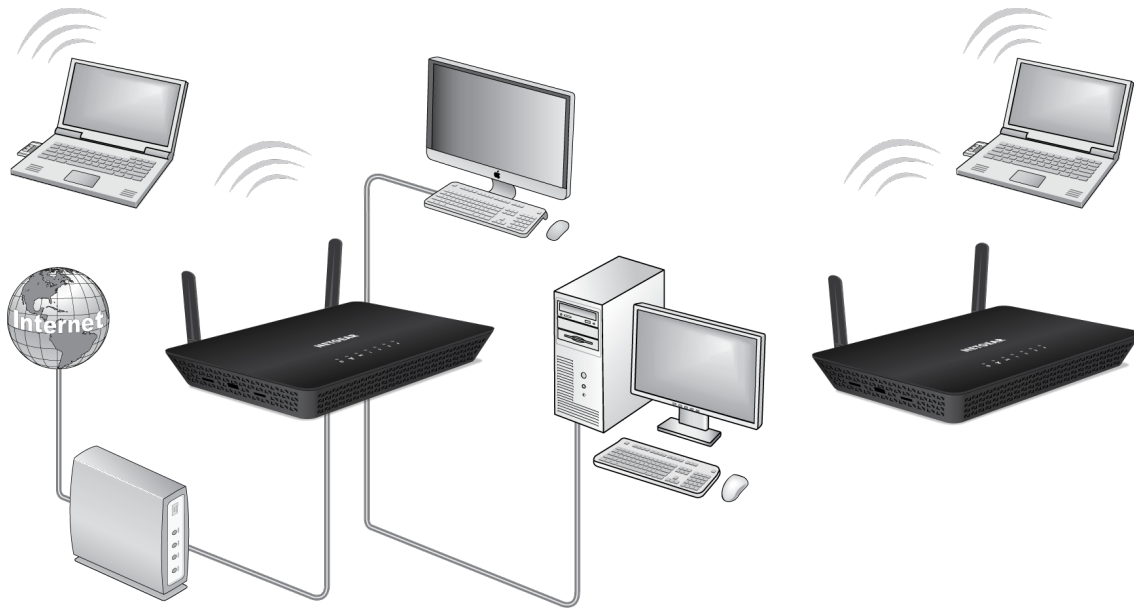


Figure 6. WiFi repeating scenario with a point-to-point configuration

To use the WiFi repeating function, you cannot use the auto channel feature for the access point, the SSID broadcast must be enabled, and you cannot use WPA and WPA2 enterprise security.

For WiFi repeating, you must set up a WiFi base station and a WiFi repeater:

- **WiFi base station.** The access point functions as the parent access point that bridges traffic to and from the child repeater access point. The base station also handles local WiFi and wired computers. To configure this mode, you must know the MAC address of the child repeater access point. Often, the MAC address is on the product label.
- **WiFi repeater.** The access point sends all traffic from its local WiFi or wired computers to a remote access point. To configure this mode, you must know the MAC address of the remote parent access point.

By default, the access point functions in dual-band concurrent mode. If you enable the WiFi repeater in either radio band, the WiFi base station or WiFi repeater cannot be enabled in the other radio band. However, if you enable the WiFi base station in either radio band and use the other radio band for either client access or as a WiFi base station, dual-band concurrent mode is not affected.

Before you can set up a WiFi network with WDS, both access points must meet the following conditions:

- Use the same WiFi channel and WiFi security settings.
- Be on the same LAN IP subnet. That is, all of the access point LAN IP addresses are in the same network.
- All LAN devices (wired and WiFi computers) are configured to operate in the same LAN network address range as the access points.

Set Up the WiFi Base Station

The WiFi repeating function works only in hub and spoke mode. Units cannot be daisy-chained. You must know the WiFi settings for all units. You must also know the MAC addresses of the remote units. First, set up the base station, then set up one or more repeaters.

▶ To set up the base station:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.
3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.
The Home page displays.
4. Make sure that the WiFi settings match the requirements for the WiFi repeating function.
For you to use the WiFi repeating function, you cannot use the auto channel feature for the access point and the SSID broadcast must be enabled. We recommend that you use WPA2-PSK to secure the WiFi communication for the WDS.
5. Select **Advanced Setup > Wireless Repeating Function**.
The Wireless Repeating Function page displays.
6. Select the **Enable Wireless Repeating Function (2.4GHz b/g/n)** check box or the **Enable Wireless Repeating Function (5GHz a/n/ac)** check box.

7. Select the **Wireless Base Station** radio button.

Wireless Repeating Function

Cancel Apply

Enable Wireless Repeating Function (2.4GHz b/g/n)

WAC104 Wireless MAC Address : **B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E0**

Wireless Repeater

Repeater IP Address: 192 . 168 . 0 . []

Base Station MAC Address: []

Wireless Base Station

Repeater MAC Address 1: []

Repeater MAC Address 2: []

Repeater MAC Address 3: []

Repeater MAC Address 4: []

Enable Wireless Repeating Function (5GHz a/n/ac)

WAC104 Wireless MAC Address : **B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E4**

Wireless Repeater

Repeater IP Address: 192 . 168 . 0 . []

Base Station MAC Address: []

Wireless Base Station

Repeater MAC Address 1: []

Repeater MAC Address 2: []

Repeater MAC Address 3: []

Repeater MAC Address 4: []

8. In the **Repeater MAC Address 1** through **4** fields, enter the MAC addresses of the access points that must function as repeaters.
If your access point is the base station, it can function as the “parent” for up to four other access points.
9. Click the **Apply** button.
Your settings are saved.

Set Up a WiFi Repeater

Use a wired Ethernet connection to set up a repeater unit to avoid conflicts with the WiFi connection to the base station.

If you are using the access point as the base station with a non-NETGEAR access point as a repeater, you might need to change more configuration settings. In particular, you might need to disable the DHCP server function on the non-NETGEAR access point that is the repeater.

You can configure up to four repeaters.

► To set up a NETGEAR access point as a repeater:

1. Open a web browser from a computer that is connected to the same network as the access point or to the access point directly through an Ethernet cable or WiFi connection.
2. Enter the IP address that is assigned to the access point.
A login window opens.

3. Enter the access point user name and password.
The user name is **admin**. The default password is **password**. The user name and password are case-sensitive.

The Home page displays.
4. Make sure that the WiFi settings match the requirements for the WiFi repeating function.
For you to use the WiFi repeating function, you cannot use the auto channel feature for the access point and the SSID broadcast must be enabled. We recommend that you use WPA2-PSK to secure the WiFi communication for the WDS.
5. Select **Advanced Setup > Wireless Repeating Function**.
The Wireless Repeating Function page displays.
6. Select the **Enable Wireless Repeating Function (2.4GHz b/g/n)** check box or the **Enable Wireless Repeating Function (5GHz a/n/ac)** check box.
7. Make sure that the **Wireless Repeater** radio button is selected.

Wireless Repeating Function

Cancel
Apply

Enable Wireless Repeating Function (2.4GHz b/g/n)

WAC104 Wireless MAC Address : **B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E0**

Wireless Repeater

Repeater IP Address

Base Station MAC Address

Wireless Base Station

Repeater MAC Address 1

Repeater MAC Address 2

Repeater MAC Address 3

Repeater MAC Address 4

Enable Wireless Repeating Function (5GHz a/n/ac)

WAC104 Wireless MAC Address : **B0:7F:B9:CB:C1:E4**

Wireless Repeater

Repeater IP Address

Base Station MAC Address

Wireless Base Station

Repeater MAC Address 1

Repeater MAC Address 2

Repeater MAC Address 3

Repeater MAC Address 4

8. In the **Repeater IP Address** fields, type the IP address of the repeater access point.
This IP address must be in the same subnet as the base station, but different from the LAN IP address of the base station.
9. In the **Base Station MAC Address** field, enter the MAC address of the access point that functions as the base station.
10. Click the **Apply** button.

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Your settings are saved.

11. Verify connectivity across the LANs.

If the configuration is set up correctly, a computer on any WiFi or wired LAN segment of the access point that functions as the repeater can connect to the Internet or share files and printers with any other computer or server connected to the access point that functions as the base station.

This chapter provides information to help you diagnose and solve problems that you might experience with the access point. If you do not find the solution here, check the NETGEAR support site at netgear.com/support for product and contact information.

The chapter contains the following sections:

- *Quick Tips for Troubleshooting* on page 63
- *Troubleshoot With the LEDs* on page 64
- *Troubleshoot the WiFi Connectivity* on page 65
- *Troubleshoot Internet Browsing* on page 65
- *You Cannot Log In to the Access Point* on page 66
- *Changes Are Not Saved* on page 66
- *Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility* on page 67

IMPORTANT:

The access point provides WiFi and LAN connectivity but is a bridge and not a router. Therefore, do not connect the access point directly to your DSL or cable modem. You must connect the access point to a router or, if your network includes a DHCP server, to a switch or hub that is connected to the DHCP server. (For more information, see *Set Up and Connect the Access Point to Your Router or DHCP Server* on page 11.)

Quick Tips for Troubleshooting

If your network is unresponsive or does not function normally, restart your network:

1. Unplug the Ethernet cable from the access point to your router, network switch, or network hub.
2. Turn off the access point.
3. Plug in the Ethernet cable from the access point to your router, network switch, or network hub. Wait two minutes.
4. Turn on the access point and wait two minutes.

If you cannot connect over an Ethernet cable to the access point, try the following:




- Make sure that the Ethernet cables are securely plugged in.
- Make sure that your computer or WiFi device does not use a static IP address but is configured to receive an IP address automatically with DHCP. (For most devices, DHCP is the default setting.)

If you cannot connect over WiFi to the access point, try the following:

- Make sure that the WiFi LED on the access point is not off.
If the WiFi LED is off, both WiFi radios are probably off too. For more information about the WiFi radios, see [Control the WiFi Radios](#) on page 31.
- Make sure that the WiFi settings on your WiFi device and access point match exactly.
For a device that is connected over WiFi, the WiFi network name (SSID) and WiFi security settings of the access point and WiFi device must match exactly. The default SSIDs and default WiFi passphrase are on the access point label (see [Access Point Label](#) on page 8).
- Make sure that your WiFi device supports the security that you are using for your WiFi network (WEP, WPA, or WPA2). For information about WiFi security settings, see [View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings](#) on page 21.
- Make sure that your WiFi device is not too far from the access point or too close. To see if the signal strength improves, move your WiFi device near the access point but at least 6 feet (1.8 meters) away.
- Make sure that the WiFi signal is not blocked by objects between the access point and your WiFi device.
- Make sure that the access point's SSID broadcast is not disabled.
If the access point's SSID broadcast is disabled, the WiFi network name is hidden and does not display in your WiFi device's scanning list. To connect to a hidden network, you must enter the network name and the WiFi password. For more information about the SSID broadcast, see [View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings](#) on page 21.
- Make sure that your WiFi device does not use a static IP address but is configured to receive an IP address automatically with DHCP. (For most devices, DHCP is the default setting.)

Troubleshoot With the LEDs


When you turn on the power, the LEDs light as described here:

1. The Power LED  lights solid green temporarily, then blinks green, and finally turns solid green and remains that way, indicating that the startup procedure is complete and the access point is ready.
2. When the startup procedure is complete, verify the following:
 - The WiFi LED  lights solid green or blinks green (unless the WiFi radios are turned off).
 - If a LAN device is connected to a LAN port, the associated LAN LED  lights solid green or blinks green.

You can use the LEDs for troubleshooting. For more information, see the following sections:

- *Power LED Is Off* on page 64
- *Power LED Remains Blinking Green* on page 64
- *WiFi LED Is Off* on page 65


Power LED Is Off

If the Power LED  and other LEDs are off when the access point is turned on, do the following:

- Make sure that the **Power On/Off** button on the back is in the on position, that is, it is pushed in.
- Make sure that the power cord is correctly connected to the access point and that the power supply adapter is correctly connected to a functioning power outlet.
- Make sure that you are using the 12V, 1.5A power adapter that NETGEAR supplied for this product.

If the error persists, a hardware problem might exist. For recovery instructions or help with a hardware problem, contact technical support at netgear.com/support.

Power LED Remains Blinking Green

When you turn on the power to the access point, the Power LED  lights solid green temporarily, then blinks green, and finally turns solid green and remains that way, indicating that the startup procedure is complete and the access point is ready. During operation, the only time that the Power LED might be blinking green is when firmware is being upgraded.


If the Power LED remains blinking green and does not turn solid green, a failure occurred or the access point is malfunctioning.

If the Power LED does not turn solid green, do the following:

1. Turn the power off and back on and wait several minutes to see if the access point recovers.
2. If the access point does not recover, press and hold the **Reset** button to return the access point to its factory settings (see *Use the Reset Button* on page 38).


If the error persists, a hardware problem might exist. For recovery instructions or help with a hardware problem, contact technical support at netgear.com/support.

WiFi LED Is Off

If the WiFi LED  remains off, check to see if both radios on the access point are disabled (see [Control the WiFi Radios](#) on page 31). By default, both radios are enabled and the WiFi LED lights solid green.

Troubleshoot the WiFi Connectivity

If you are experiencing trouble connecting over WiFi to the access point, try to isolate the problem:

- Make sure that the WiFi settings in your WiFi device and access point match exactly. For a device that is connected over WiFi, the WiFi network name (SSID) and WiFi security settings of the access point and WiFi device must match exactly. The default SSIDs and default WiFi passphrase are on the access point label (see [Access Point Label](#) on page 8).
- Does the WiFi device that you are using find your WiFi network?
If not, check the WiFi LED  on the top of the access point. If the WiFi LED is off, both WiFi radios are probably off too. For more information about the WiFi radios, see [Control the WiFi Radios](#) on page 31.
- If you disabled the access point's SSID broadcast, your WiFi network is hidden and does not display in your WiFi client's scanning list. (By default, SSID broadcast is enabled.) For more information, see [View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings](#) on page 21.
- Does your WiFi device support the security that you are using for your WiFi network (WEP, WPA, or WPA2)? For information about changing the WiFi security, see [View or Change the Basic WiFi Settings](#) on page 21.

Tip If you want to change the WiFi settings of the access point's network, use a wired connection to avoid being disconnected when the new WiFi settings take effect.

If your WiFi device finds your network but the signal strength is weak, check these conditions:

- Is your access point too far from your WiFi device or too close? Place your WiFi device near the access point but at least 6 feet (1.8 meters) away and see whether the signal strength improves.
- Are objects between the access point and your WiFi device blocking the WiFi signal?

Troubleshoot Internet Browsing

If your computer or WiFi device is connected to the access point but unable to load any web pages from the Internet, it might be for one of the following reasons:

- Your computer might not recognize any DNS server addresses.
A DNS server is a host on the Internet that translates Internet names (such as www addresses) to numeric IP addresses. If you manually entered a DNS address when you set up the access point (that is, the access point uses static IP address settings), reboot your computer and verify the DNS address.

Alternatively, you can configure your computer manually with DNS addresses, as explained in your operating system documentation.

- Your computer might not use the router to which the access point is connected as its TCP/IP bridge. If your computer obtains its information by DHCP, reboot the computer and verify the address of the router to which the access point is connected. For information about TCP/IP problems, see [Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility](#) on page 67.

You Cannot Log In to the Access Point

If you are unable to log in to the access point from a computer on your local network and use the access point web management interface, check the following:

- If you are using an Ethernet-connected computer, check the Ethernet connection between the computer and the access point.
- Make sure that the IP address of your computer is in the same subnet as the access point. If the access point is not connected to your network and you are trying to log in to the access point over its default IP address of 192.168.0.100, temporarily change the IP address on your computer to 192.168.0.210 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0 so that the IP addresses of your computer and the access point are in the same IP subnet.
- If your access point's IP address was changed and you do not know the current IP address, access the router or DHCP server that assigned the IP address to the access point to find the IP address or use an IP scanner application to detect the IP address. If you still cannot find the IP address, clear the access point's configuration to factory defaults. This sets the access point's IP address to 192.168.0.100 and activates the [www.aplogin.net](#) URL for initial configuration. For more information, see [Return the Access Point to Its Factory Default Settings](#) on page 38 and [Factory Default Settings](#) on page 70.
- Make sure that Java, JavaScript, or ActiveX is enabled in your browser. If you are using Internet Explorer, click the **Refresh** button to be sure that the Java applet is loaded.
- Try quitting the browser and launching it again.
- Make sure that you are using the correct login information. The user name is **admin**, and the default password is **password**. Make sure that Caps Lock is off when you enter this information.

Changes Are Not Saved

If you are logged in to the access point web management interface and the access point does not save the changes that you make on a page, do the following:

- When entering configuration settings, always click the **Apply** button before moving to another page or tab or your changes are lost.
- Click the **Refresh** or **Reload** button in the web browser. It is possible that the changes occurred but that the old settings remain in the web browser's cache.

Troubleshoot Your Network Using the Ping Utility

Most network devices and routers contain a ping utility that sends an echo request packet to the designated device. The device then responds with an echo reply. You can easily troubleshoot a network using the ping utility in your computer or workstation.

Test the LAN Path to Your Access Point

You can ping the access point from your computer to verify that the LAN path to your access point is set up correctly.

► To ping the access point from a Windows computer:

1. From the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button and select **Run**.
2. In the field provided, enter **ping** followed by the IP address of the access point, as in this example:
ping 192.168.0.100
3. Click the **OK** button.

A message such as the following one displays:

```
Pinging <IP address> with 32 bytes of data
```

If the path is working, you see this message:

```
Reply from < IP address >: bytes=32 time=NN ms TTL=xxx
```

If the path is not working, you see this message:

```
Request timed out
```

If the path is not functioning correctly, one of the following problems might be occurring:

- Wrong physical connections
For a wired connection, make sure that the numbered LAN LED is lit for the port to which you are connected.
Check that the appropriate LEDs are on for your network devices. If your access point and computer are connected to a separate Ethernet switch, make sure that the link LEDs are lit for the switch ports that are connected to your computer and access point.
- Wrong network configuration
Verify that the Ethernet card driver software and TCP/IP software are both installed and configured on your computer.
Verify that the IP address for your access point and your computer are correct and that the addresses are in the same subnet.

Test the Path From Your Computer to a Remote Device

After you verify that the LAN path works correctly, test the path from your computer to a remote device.

► To test the path from your computer to a remote device:

1. From the Windows toolbar, click the **Start** button and select **Run**.
2. In the field provided, enter **ping -n 10 IP address**.

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IP address is the IP address of a remote device such as a remote DNS server.

If the path is functioning correctly, replies as described in [Test the LAN Path to Your Access Point](#) on page 67 display. If you do not receive replies, do the following:

- Check to see that your computer lists the IP address of the router to which the access point is connected as the default router. If the IP configuration of your computer is assigned by DHCP, this information is not visible in your computer's Network Control Panel.
- Check to see that the network address of your computer (the portion of the IP address specified by the netmask) is different from the network address of the remote device.

Factory Default Settings and Technical Specifications

A

This appendix includes the following sections:

- *Factory Default Settings* on page 70
- *Technical Specifications* on page 71

Factory Default Settings

You can reset the access point to the factory default settings, which are shown in the following table.

For more information about resetting the access point to its factory settings, see [Return the Access Point to Its Factory Default Settings](#) on page 38.

Table 2. WAC104 access point factory default settings

Feature	Default Setting
Access point login	
User login IP address	192.168.0.100
User login URL	www.aplogin.net (for initial configuration only)
User name (case-sensitive)	admin, nonconfigurable
Login password (case-sensitive)	password
IP settings	
DHCP client	Enabled
	<p>Note The access point functions as a bridge between its WiFi and LAN clients and the router in your network. The access point does not provide routing services such as NAT and a DHCP server.</p>
WiFi network	
WiFi communication	Enabled
SSID names	See the access point label.
Security	WPA and WAP2 mixed mode The default WiFi passphrase is on the access point label.
Country/region	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • North America: United States • Europe: Europe • Other continents: Varies by region
RF channel	Auto. The available channels depend on the region.
WiFi operating mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to 300 Mbps at 2.4 GHz • Up to 867 Mbps at 5 GHz

Table 2. WAC104 access point factory default settings (Continued)

Feature	Default Setting
SSID broadcast	Enabled
20/40 MHz coexistence	Enabled
Fragmentation length	2346
CTS/RTS threshold	2347
Preamble mode	Long Preamble
Transmission speed	Automatic, nonconfigurable Note Throughput can vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, affect the data throughput rate.
Radio transmission power	100%, nonconfigurable
802.11e WMM	Enabled, nonconfigurable
WPS	
WPS capability	Enabled
Access point's PIN	Enabled. For more information, see Manage the WPS Settings on page 54.
Keep Existing Wireless Settings	Enabled

Technical Specifications

The following table shows the technical specifications of the access point.

Table 3. WAC104 access point specifications

Feature	Description
Power adapter	12V, 1.5A (18W) The plug is localized to the country of sale. Power consumption 8.1W maximum
Dimensions (L x W x H)	9.43 x 7.16 x 1.61 in. (239.65 x 181.45 x 40.6 mm)
Weight	0.85 lb (385 g)

Table 3. WAC104 access point specifications (Continued)

Feature	Description
Operating temperature	32° to 104°F (0° to 40°C)
Operating humidity	10 to 90% maximum relative humidity, noncondensing
Storage temperature	–20° to 70°F (–4° to 158°C)
Storage humidity	5 to 95% maximum relative humidity, noncondensing
LAN	Four 10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet (RJ-45) ports with Auto Uplink (Auto MDI-X)
WiFi standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IEEE 802.11ac specification • IEEE 802.11n 2.0 specification • IEEE 802.11g • IEEE 802.11b • IEEE 802.11a
Radio bands	2.4 GHz and 5 GHz, concurrent operation
Maximum theoretical WiFi throughput	<p>300 Mbps in the 2.4 GHz band and 867 Mbps in the 5GHz band</p> <hr/> <p>Note Throughput can vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, affect the data throughput rate.</p> <hr/>
Maximum number of supported clients	<p>The access point can support a maximum of 128 WiFi clients:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum number of 2.4 GHz WiFi clients: 64 • Maximum number of 5 GHz WiFi clients: 64 <hr/> <p>Note In a WiFi network, the number of clients is limited by the amount of WiFi traffic that is generated by each client.</p> <hr/>

Table 3. WAC104 access point specifications (Continued)

Feature	Description
Operating frequency range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2.4 GHz band <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - US: 2.412–2.462 GHz - Europe: 2.412–2.472 GHz - Australia: 2.412–2.472 GHz - Japan: 2.412–2.472 GHz • 5 GHz band <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - US: 5.180–5.240 + 5.745–5.825 GHz - Europe: 5.180–5.240 GHz - Australia: 5.180–5.240 + 5.745–5.825 GHz - Japan: 5.180–5.240 GHz
802.11 security	WPA2-PSK, WPA and WPA2 (mixed mode), WPA/WPA2 Enterprise, and WEP